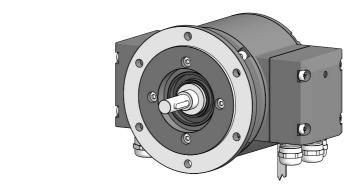
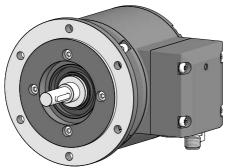
# MB251EN - 11173962, 16A1, Baumer\_PMG10-CANopen\_II\_EN

### Installation and operating instructions





# PMG 10 - CANopen® Absolute Encoder with magnetic sensing



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### 1. **IMPORTENT NOTES**

### 1.1 Symbol guide



### Warning

Disregarding could result in serious injury, death or damage to property



### Attention

Disregarding could result in damage to property or damage/malfunction of the en-

Information

Additional information and recommendations

### 1.2 Intended use

The encoder is a precision measurement device for the acquisition of speed/position information for the control of drive units and the provision of electronic output signals for downstream devices.

The encoder must not be used for any other purpose. The function of the encoder is described in this mounting instruction. The customer must check the suitability for the purpose intended

Mounting and selection must be executed by authorized and gualified personnel. Mounting, electrical commissioning or any other work with the encoder or system is to be performed by appropriately qualified staff only.

Do not put encoder into service if there is any visible evidence of damage.

Do not operate encoder beyond the limit values stated in this mounting instruction.

Any risk of personal injury, damage of the system or company equipment due to failure or malfunction of the encoder must be eliminated by corresponding safety measures.



### Warning

Disregarding intended use could result in serious injury or damage to property.

### 1.3 **Exclusion from liability**

The manufacturer is not liable for any damage to persons or property resulting from unintended use of the encoder.

### 1.4 Maintenance and lifetime

The encoder may be only opened as described in this instruction. Repair or maintenance work that requires opening the encoder completely must be carried out by the manufacturer.

Alterations of the device are not permitted.

The expected operating life of the device depends on the ball bearings, which are equipped with a permanent lubrication.

In the event of queries or subsequent deliveries, the data on the device type label must be quoted, especially the type designation and the serial number.

### 1.5 Approvals and warranty

EU Declaration of Conformity meeting to the European Directives.

We grant a 2-year warranty in accordance with the regulations of the Central Association of the German Electrical Industry (ZVEI).

Warranty seal
Damaging the warranty seal on the encoder invalidates warranty.

### 1.6 Storage temperature and disposal

The storage temperature range of the encoder is between -15...+70 °C (caused by packing).

Encoder components are to be disposed of according to the regulations prevailing in the respective country.

### 2. SAFETY AND ATTENTION INSTRUCTIONS

### 2.1 Safety instructions



### **Explosion risk**

Spark formation can cause a fire or an explosion.

» Do not use the encoder in areas with explosive and/or highly inflammable materials. They may explode and/or catch fire by possible spark formation.



### Risk of serious injuries due to rotating shafts

Hair and clothes may become tangled in rotating shafts. Touching the rotating parts can cause extremely serious injuries.

- » Before all work switch off all operating voltages and ensure machinery is stationary.
- » Prevent reconnection operating voltages by third parties.



### Risk of serious injuries due to consequential damages

Plants can be deregulated due to malfunction or faulty signals of the encoder.

» Damage caused by faulty operation or by a malfunction of the encoder must be eliminated by corresponding safety measures.



### Risk of burns due to formation of heat

The encoder heats up at higher speed so there is a serious risk of burning shortly after the machine has been turned off.

» Examine carefully whether the encoder overheats. Wear suitable gloves if necessary.

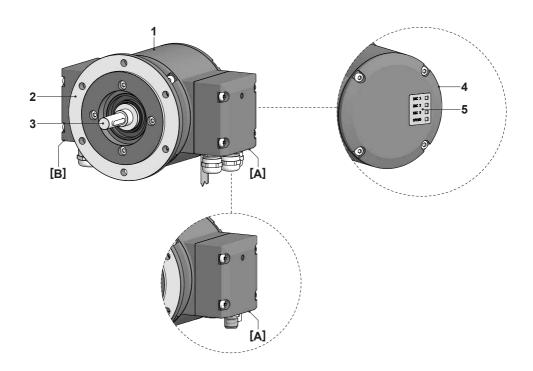
### 2.2 Attention instructions for mounting and operation

- Risk of destruction due to electrostatic charge
  Electronic parts contained in the encoder are sensitive to high voltages.
  - » Do not touch plug contacts or electronic components.
  - » Protect output terminals against external voltages.
  - » Do not exceed max. operating voltage.
- Risk of destruction due to mechanical overload Rigid mounting may give rise to constraining forces.
  - » Never restrict the freedom of movement of the encoder. The installation instructions must be followed.
  - » It is essential that the specified clearances and/or angles are observed.
- Risk of destruction due to mechanical shock
  Violent shocks, e. g. due to hammer impacts, can lead to the destruction of the sensing system.
  - » Never use force. Assembly is simple when correct procedure is followed.
  - » Use suitable puller for disassembly.
- Risk of destruction due to contamination

  Dirt penetrating inside the encoder can cause short circuits and damage the optical sensing system.
  - » Absolute cleanliness must be maintained when carrying out any work on the open terminal box.
  - » When dismantling, never allow lubricants to penetrate the encoder.
- Risk of destruction due to adhesive fluids
  Adhesive fluids can damage the optical sensing system and the bearings. Dismounting an encoder, secured to a shaft by adhesive may lead to the destruction of the unit.
  - » Do not use adhesive fluids for fixing.

### 3. PREPARATION

### 3.1 Scope of delivery



- 1 Housing
- 2 EURO flange B10
- 3 Solid shaft with key
- 4 Bearing shield
- 5 LED function indicators

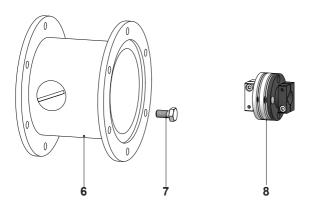
Radial terminal boxes\* (see section 5):

- [A] Bus connecting box CANopen®
- [B] Speed switch + additional output

Depending on version

### 3.2 Required accessory for mounting (not included in scope of delivery)

Connecting cables and connectors are required for the electrical connection. Details see section 5, page 11.



- 6 Installation fitting, customized
- 7 Fixing screws for installation fitting ISO 4017, M6x16 mm
- 8 Spring disk coupling K 35, available as accessory, see section 4.4, page 9.

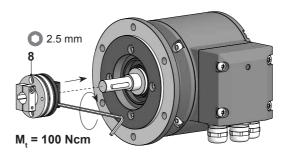
### 3.3 Required tools (not included in scope of delivery)

- 2.5 mm
- 10 and 22 mm
- TX 10, TX 20

### 4. MOUNTING

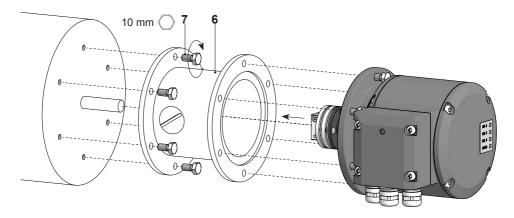
### 4.1 Mounting the spring disk coupling to the encoder

We recommend using the Baumer Hübner spring disk coupling K 35, see section 4.4, page 9, available as accessory. When other couplings are used pay attention to manufacturer's notes.



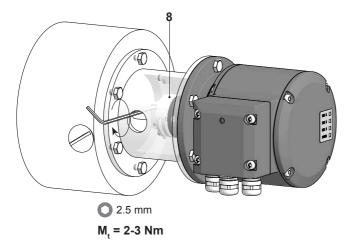
### 4.2 Mounting to drive shaft

- Lifetime restrictions and angle error by radial deviations
  High runout of the drive shaft can cause encoder angle error.
  High runout of the drive shaft can cause vibrations, which can shorten the lifetime of the encoder.
  - » Lubricate drive shaft!
  - » Minimize drive shaft runout (≤0.2 mm; ≤0.03 mm recommended).



The encoder must be mounted with cable connection facing downward and not exposed to water.

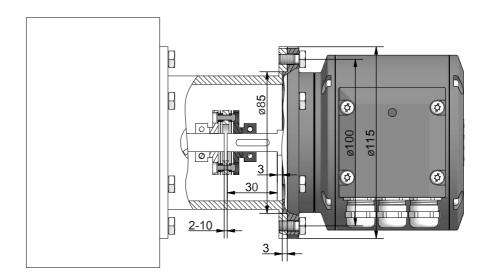
### 4.3 Mounting the spring disk coupling to drive shaft

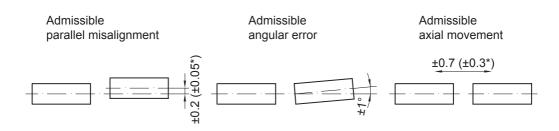


### 4.4 Maximum permissible mounting tolerance when the Baumer Hübner K 35 spring disk coupling is used

Encoders should be driven through the Baumer Hübner K 35 spring disk coupling (accessory), that can be pushed onto the shaft without axial loading.

- The encoder must be mounted on the drive with the least possible angular error and parallel misalignment.
- Risk of damaging the ball bearings
  Coupling components must not be driven onto the shaft with improper force (e. g. hammer impacts), because of the risk of damaging the ball bearings.



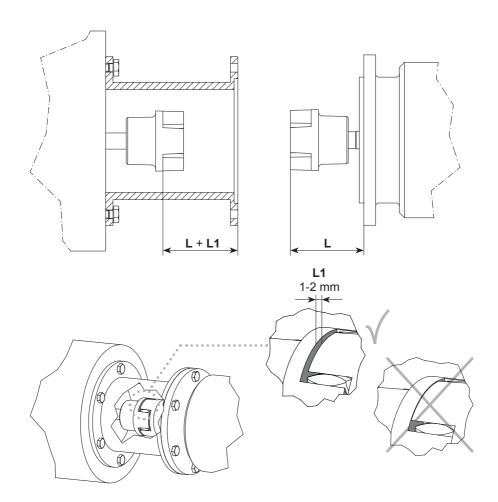


<sup>\*</sup> For insulated hub version
All dimensions in millimeters, unless otherwise stated.

### 4.5 Note when using a jaw-type coupling (for example "ROTEX®")

- Incorrect mounting of the jaw-type coupling can damage the encoder.

  Avoid blocking of both coupling halves (claws pressed together). The encoder shaft must not subjected to direct axial shock.
  - » Use a depth gauge to find and observe the correct distances (L, L1), see below.



### 5. ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

### 5.1 CANopen®

Please find a detailed instruction for the CANopen® interface and the device description file in the manual on the CD provided with the device.

### 5.1.1 Features

Bus protocol CANopen®

CANopen® features Device Class 2 CAN 2.0B

Device profile CANopen® CiA DSP 406, V 3.0

Operation modes Polling mode (asynch, via SDO)

Cyclic mode (asynch-cyclic) Synch mode (synch-cyclic) Acyclic mode (synch-acyclic)

Diagnostic The encoder supports the following error messages:

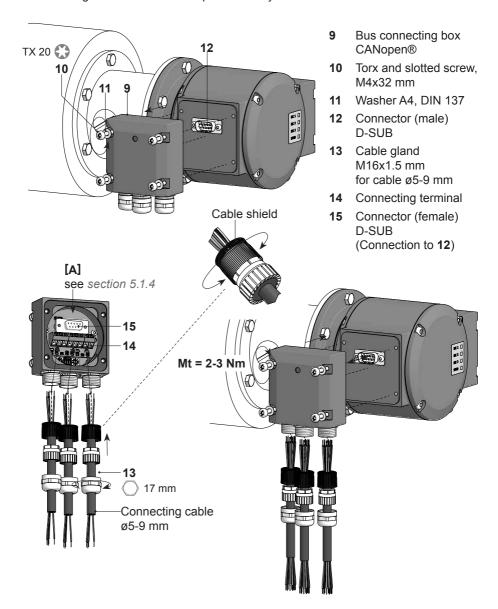
- Position error

Default settings User address 00

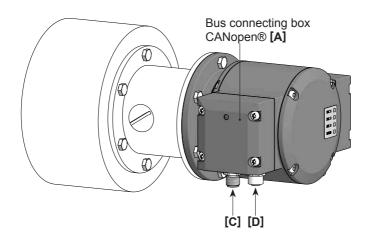
### 5.1.2 Cable connection for version with cable glands

To ensure the specified protection of the device the correct cable diameter must be used.

Connecting cables are not in scope of delivery.



### 5.1.3 Bus connecting box CANopen® [A] - Version with connectors



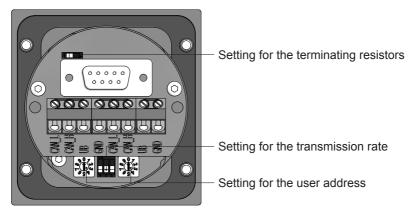
### 5.1.3.1 Connector M12 [C] (male, 5-pin, A-coded)

5	MALE	CONNECTION	DESCRIPTION
	1	GND	Ground for UB
4	2	UB	Voltage supply 1030 VDC
	3	GND	Ground for UB
	4	CAN_H	CAN bus signal (dominant HIGH)
1 2	5	CAN_L	CAN bus signal (dominant LOW)

### 5.1.3.2 Connector M12 [D] (female, 5-pin, A-coded)

	5	FEMALE	CONNECTION	DESCRIPTION
3./		1	GND	Ground for UB
	4	2	UB	Voltage supply 1030 VDC
		3	GND	Ground for UB
/		4	CAN_H	CAN bus signal (dominant HIGH)
2.	1	5	CAN_L	CAN bus signal (dominant LOW)

### 5.1.4 View in bus connecting box CANopen® [A]



### Terminal assignment

GND Ground for UB

UB Voltage supply 10...30 VDC

CAN\_H CAN bus signal (dominant HIGH)

CAN L CAN bus signal (dominant LOW)

Terminals of the same significance are internally connected and identical in their functions. Max. load on the internal terminal connections UB-UB and GND-GND is 1 A each.

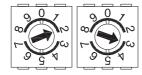
### 5.1.5 Setting for the terminating resistors



ON = Last user

OFF = User x

### 5.1.6 Setting for the user address



Address can be set by rotary switches. Example: User address 23

### 5.1.7 Setting for the transmission rate



TRANSMISSION RATE	DIP S	SWITCH POSI	TION
	1	2	3
10 kBaud	OFF	OFF	OFF
20 kBaud	OFF	OFF	ON
50 kBaud (default)	OFF	ON	OFF
125 kBaud	OFF	ON	ON
250 kBaud	ON	OFF	OFF
500 kBaud	ON	OFF	ON
800 kBaud	ON	ON	OFF
1000 kBaud	ON	ON	ON

### 5.2 Speed switch and additional output incremental

### 5.2.1 Terminal significance

+UB Voltage supply

A+ Channel A+

A- Channel A- (Channel A+ inverted)

B+ Channel B+

B- Channel B- (Channel B+ inverted)

R+ Zero pulse (reference signal)

R- Zero pulse inverted

nE+ System OK+ / error output

nE- System OK- / error output inverted

SP+\* DSL OUT1 / speed switch (Open-Collector\*\* or Solid State Relay\*\*)

SP-\* DSL\_OUT2 / speed switch (0 V\*\* or Solid State Relay\*\*)

SA\* RS485+ / programming interface

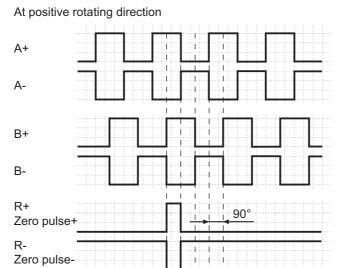
SB\* RS485-/ programming interface

dnu Do not use

<sup>\*</sup> Only at version with speed switch

<sup>\*\*</sup> Depending on version

### 5.2.2 Output signals incremental (additional output)

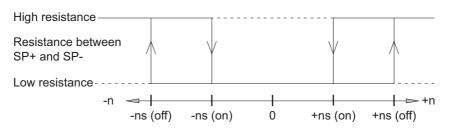


### 5.2.3 LED function displays

LED	Red	Green
INC1	Without function	Without function
INC2 (additional output incremental)	Undervoltage Overload Over-temperature	OK
Status	Internal error	OK
Speed	Speed higher switching speed (overspeed)	Speed lower switching speed

### 5.2.4 Speed switch - Switching characteristics

Event	State of the speed switch output	
During initialisation	High resistance (overspeed)	
After initialisation and speed ≤ -ns (off)	High resistance (overspeed)	
-ns (off) < speed ≤ -ns (on)	State unchanged Low resistance (no overspeed) after initialisation if the encoder is rotating between the switching range during initialisation.	
-ns (on) < speed < +ns (on)	Low resistance (no overspeed)	
+ns (on) ≤ speed < +ns (off)	State unchanged Low resistance (no overspeed) after initialisation if the encoder is rotating between the switching range during initialisation.	
+ns (off) ≤ speed	High resistance (overspeed)	



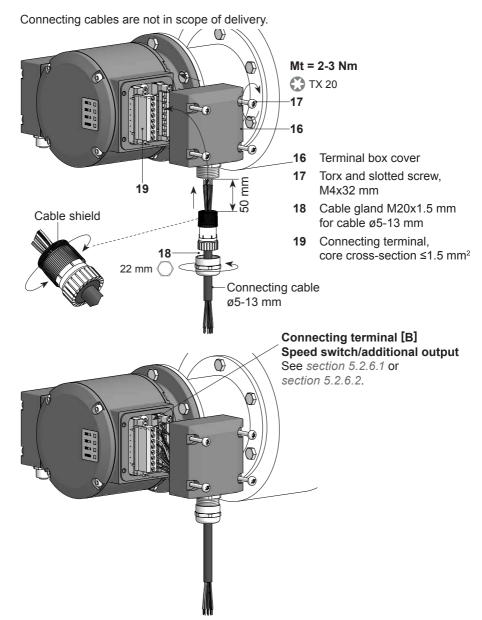
n = Speed

+ns (on) = Activation speed at shaft rotation in positive rotating direction\*
 +ns (off) = Deactivation speed at shaft rotation in positive rotating direction\*
 -ns (off) = Activation speed at shaft rotation in negative rotating direction\*
 -ns (off) = Deactivation at shaft rotation in negative rotating direction\*

<sup>\*</sup> See section 6, page 20

### 5.2.5 Cable connection

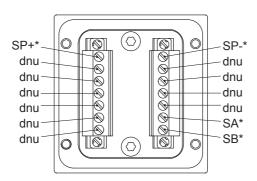
To ensure the specified protection of the device the correct cable diameter must be used.



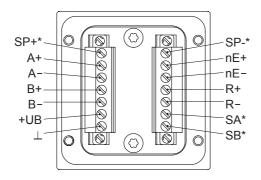
### 5.2.6 Assignment connecting terminal

Do not connect voltage supply to outputs! Danger of damage! Please, beware of possible voltage drop in long cable leads (inputs and outputs)!

## 5.2.6.1 Connecting terminal box [B] Speed switch without additional output

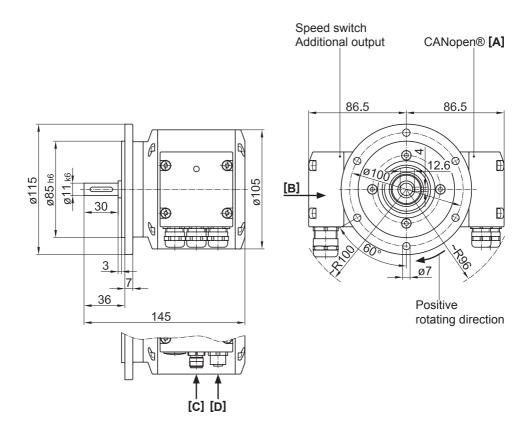


# 5.2.6.2 Connecting terminal box [B] Speed switch with additional output



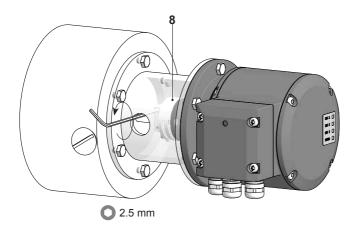
Only at version with speed switch

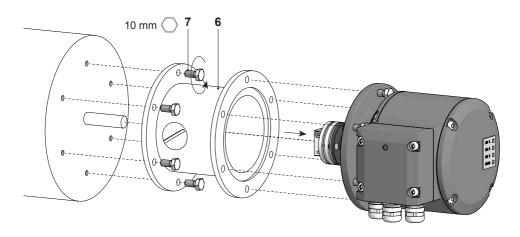
### 6. DIMENSION

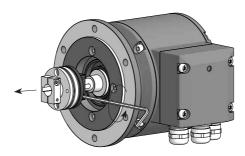


All dimensions in millimeters, unless otherwise stated.

### 7. DISMOUNTING







### 8. TECHNICAL DATA

Additional outputs

### 8.1 Technical data - electrical ratings

Voltage supply 10...30 VDC

Short-circuit proof Yes

Consumption w/o load ≤200 mA

Initializing time ≤500 ms after power on

Interface CANopen® Function Multiturn

Transmission rate 10...1000 kBaud

Device adress Rotary switches in

bus connecting box (type-specific)

Steps per turn 8192 / 13 bit
Number of turns 65536 / 16 bit

Square-wave HTL

Square-wave TTL (RS422)

Sensing method Magnetic
Interference immunity EN 61000-6-2
Emitted interference EN 61000-6-3

Programmable parameters Steps per revolution

Number of revolutions

Preset, scaling, rotating direction

Diagnostic function Position or parameter error

Status indicator DUO-LED in bus connecting box

4 LEDs in device back side

Approvals CE

### 8.2 Technical data - electrical ratings (speed switches)

Interface RS485

Switching accuracy ±2 % (or Digit)

Switching outputs 1 output

(Open-Collector\* or Solid State Relay\*)

Output switching capacity 30 VDC; ≤100 mA

Switching delay time ≤20 ms

<sup>\*</sup> Depending on version

### 8.3 Technical data - mechanical design

Size (flange) ø115 mm

Shaft type ø11 mm solid shaft Flange EURO flange B10

Protection DIN EN 60529 IP 66/IP 67

Operating speed ≤6000 rpm

Range of switching speed ±2...6000 rpm, default 6000 rpm

Operating torque typ. 10 Ncm Rotor moment of inertia 1 kgcm<sup>2</sup>

Admitted shaft load ≤450 N axial

≤650 N radial

Materials Housing: aluminium alloy

Shaft: stainless steel

Operating temperature -40...+85 °C

Relative humidity 95 % non-condensing

Resistance IEC 60068-2-6

Vibration 30 g, 10-2000 Hz

IEC 60068-2-27 Shock 400 g, 1 ms

Corrosion protection IEC 60068-2-52 Salt mist

Complies to ISO 12944-5:1998 Protective paint systems (C5-M)

Weight approx. 2.7 kg (depending on version)

Connection Bus connecting box

Terminal box speed switch/incremental



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